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## Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2015/Jan.2016

## **Computer Communication Networks**

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 1

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

## PART - A

- 1 With a neat diagram explain TCP/IP reference model. How do the layers of TCP/IP model correlate to the OSI models? (10 Marks)
  - Name the major components of a telephone networks.

(04 Marks)

- c. What is ADSL? Explain the operation of ADSL using discrete multitone modulation with a neat diagram. (06 Marks)
- 2 Explain normal response mode (NRM) and Asynchronous Balanced Mode (ABM) in HDLC. (04 Marks)
  - b. What is ARQ? In stop and wait ARQ system the bandwidth of the line is 1 Mbps and it takes 20ms to make roundtrip. What is the bandwidth delay product? If the system data frames are of 1000bit length, what is utilization percentage of the link? (04 Marks)
  - What are sliding window protocols? Explain Go back N protocol for noisy channel.

(12 Marks)

- Explain 1 persistent, non persistent and p persistence with flow diagram. 3 a. (06 Marks)
  - With a flow diagram explain CMA/CA protocol.

(08 Marks)

- What are the reasons for poor channel utilization in ALOHA system? How the same is improved in CSMA? (06 Marks)
- Explain frame format-of 802.3 MAC frame.

(06 Marks)

- Define the type of the following destination addresses.

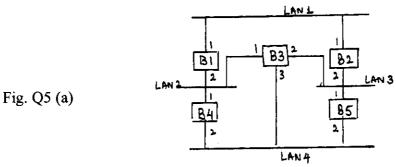
i) 4A: 30; 18 21: 10: 1A ii) FF: FF: FF: FF: FF: FF iii) 47: 20: 1B: 2E: 08: EE.

(06 Marks)

Fast Ethernet? Mention the goals of fast Ethernet. Explain autonegotiation. (08 Marks)

PART - B

system with four LAN's and five bridges is shown in Fig. Q5(a). Choose B1 as the root bridge. Show the forwarding and blocking ports, after applying the spanning tree procedure.



(10 Marks)

(10 Marks)

b. What are virtual LAN's? Enumerate the advantages of having VLAN's. (10 Marks) a. Find the class of the following IP address: i) 237.14.2.1 ii) 129.14.6.8 iii) 208.35.54.12 iv) 114.34.2.8 b. Compare IPV4 and IPV6 packet headers. (d6 Marks) at. Of 12. c. What is NAT? Explain now NAT help in address depletion. (10 Marks) b. Explain the different forwarding techniques used to forward the packets from source to (10 Marks) (10 Marks)